Nutrition in Pakistan, Challenges and Opportunities

Insights from National Nutrition Survey 2018

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- Key Findings (FIVE TAKE AWAYS)
 - Childhood nutrition rates and differentials
 - The close links between maternal & child nutrition in Pakistan
 - The opportunity to improve infant & young child nutrition
 - Primary Care programs & Nutrition
 - The current & emerging triple burden & micronutrient deficiencies
- THE FIVE KEY ACTIONS to address nutrition in the context of Sustainable Development Goals

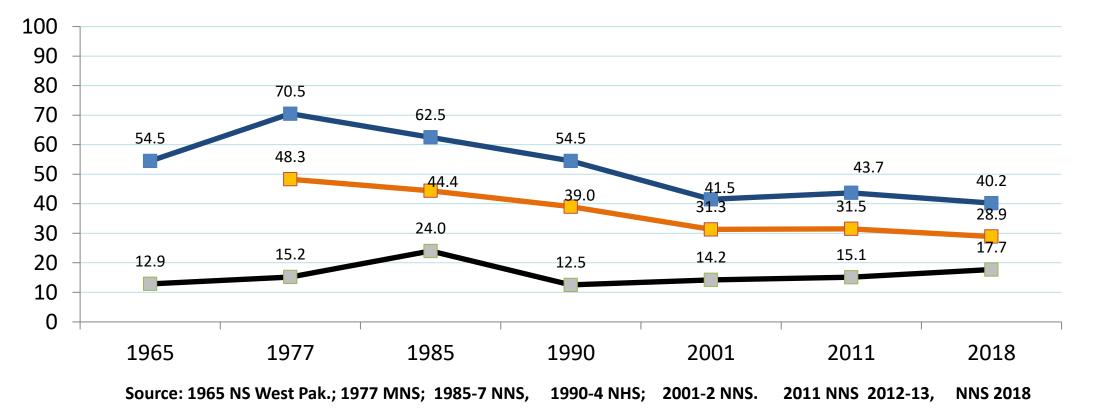
Design & Scale of the National Nutrition Survey 2018

- Cross-sectional survey, mixed method approach was used, both quantitative and qualitative data collections were done
- Largest ever nutrition survey conducted in all areas of Pakistan including Gilgit Baltistan and Azad Jammu and Kashmir
- Total sample size was 115,600 households that provided district level representation
- Women of Reproductive age (15-49), children under five and adolescents were the sample population
- Data was collected on nutritional indicators as well as those which can influence the nutrition
- Blood samples were collected for Hemoglobin, Ferritin, Vitamin A, Zinc, Vitamin D and the results were adjusted for inflammatory markers of CRP and AGP
- Water quality assessment was also done both for microbiological contaminations and trace elements

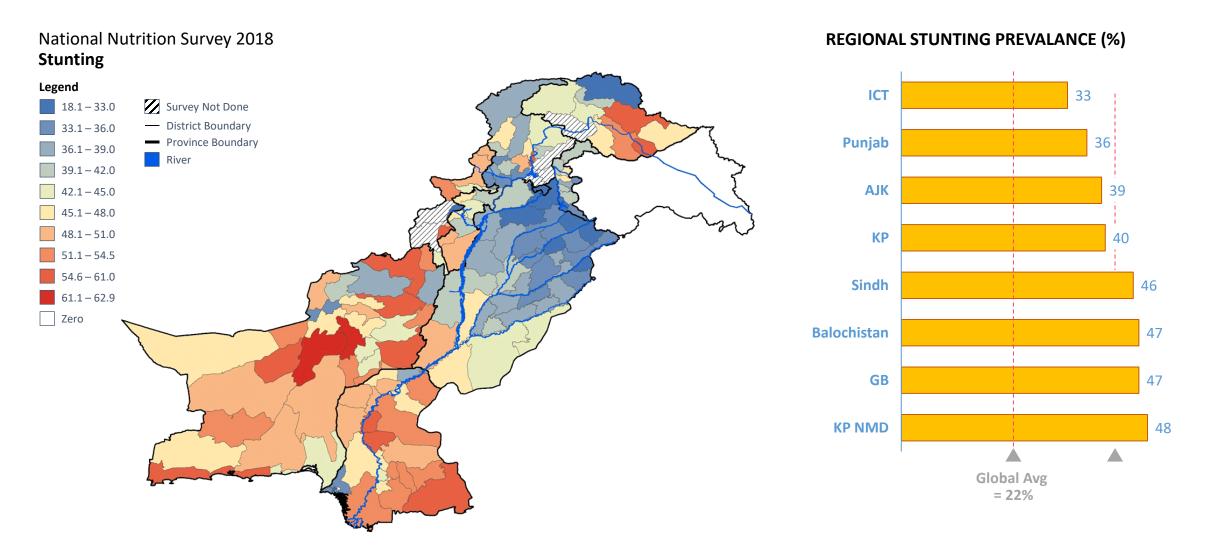
Childhood Malnutrition Rates haven't changed much in over 50 years!

Childhood malnutrition trends in Pakistan Hardly any change in stunting and wasting in decades!

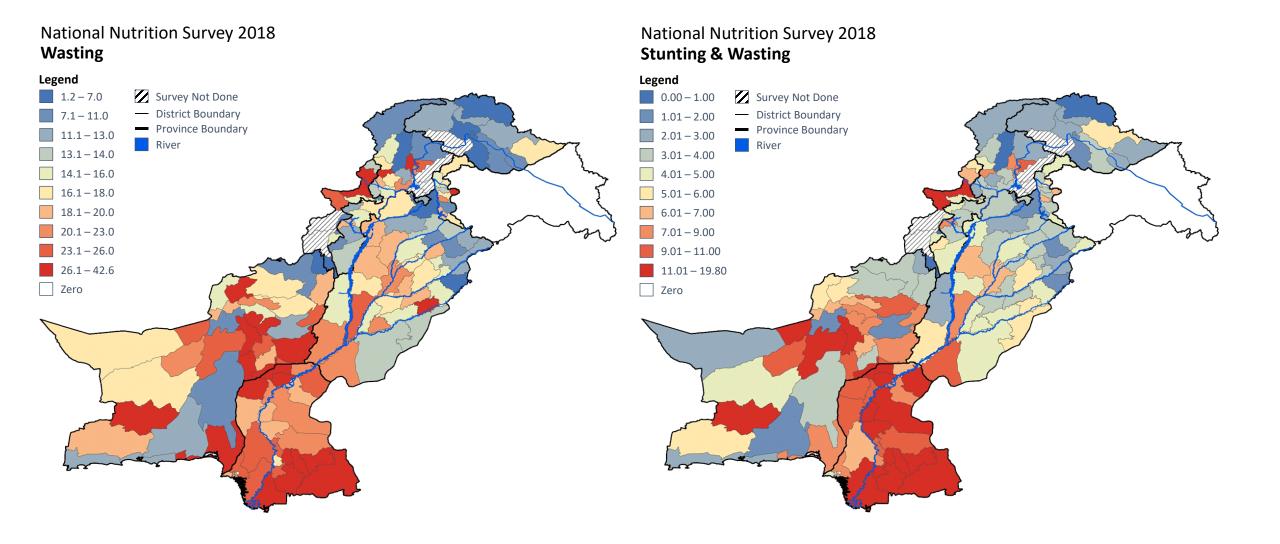
----Stunting -----Underweight -----Wasting



National Averages mask tremendous disparities & subnational differentials

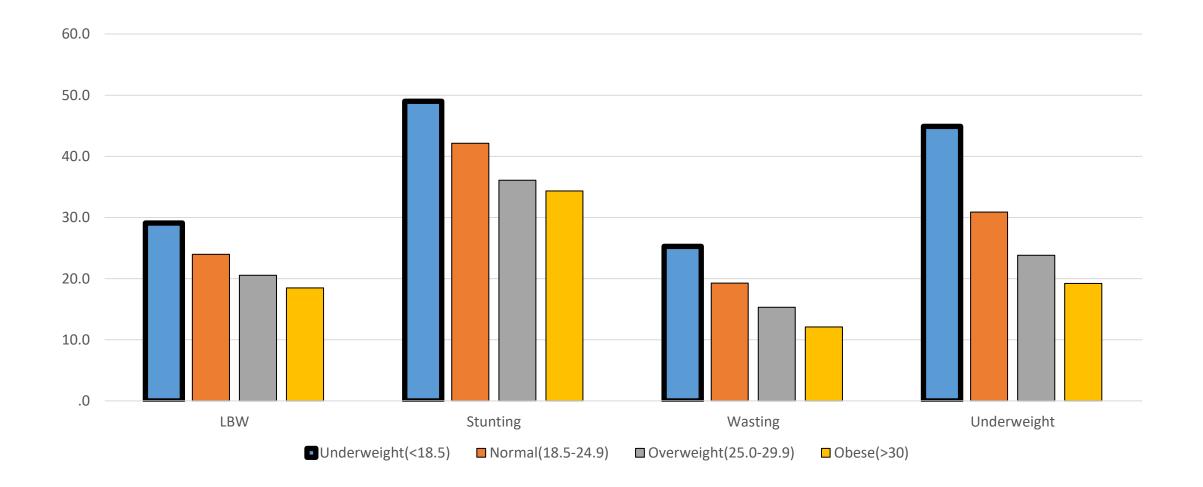


The most egregious forms of childhood malnutrition overlap

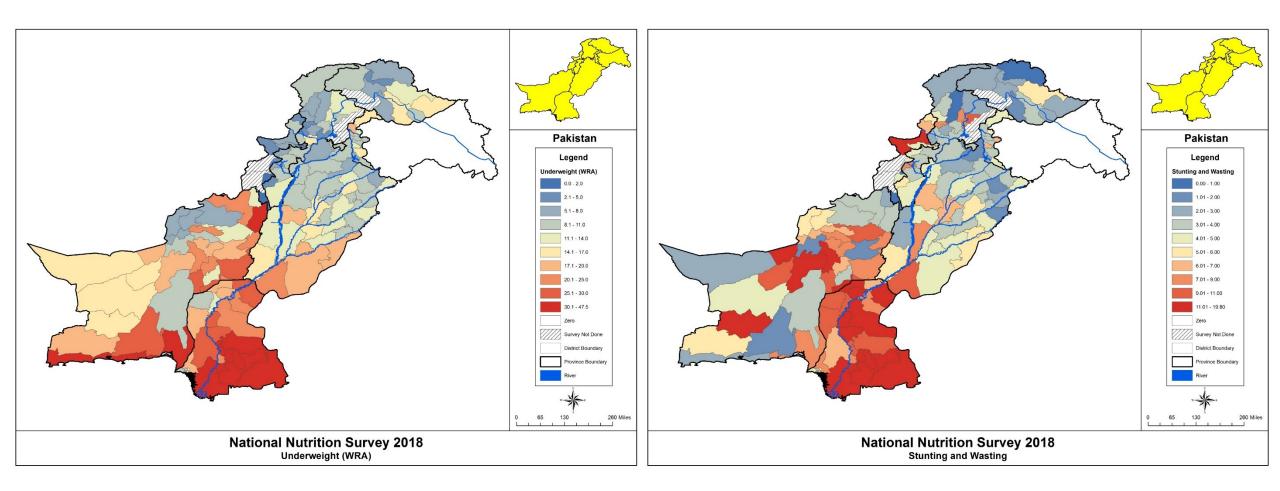


There is close correlation between maternal & early childhood undernutrition

Maternal nutrition & birth / child outcomes



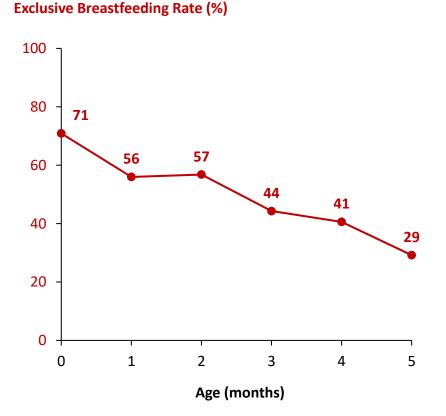
Maternal & child undernutrition are inter-related



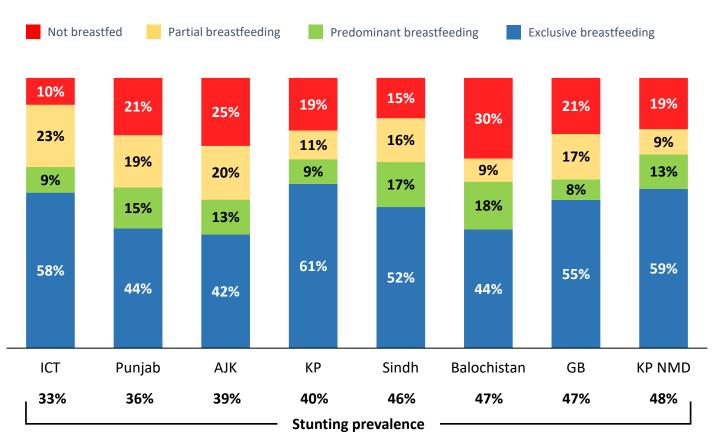
There is enormous opportunity to improve infant & young child nutrition

Much room for improvement on breastfeeding practices and support

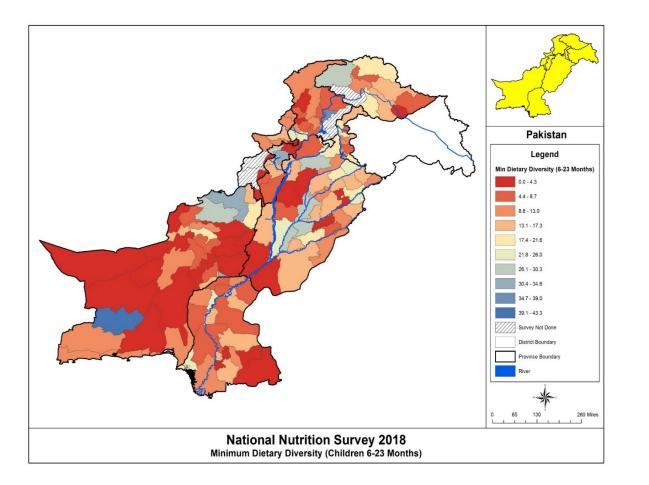
NATIONAL EXCLUSIVE BREASTFEEDING RATES FROM 0-5 MONTHS DECLINING...

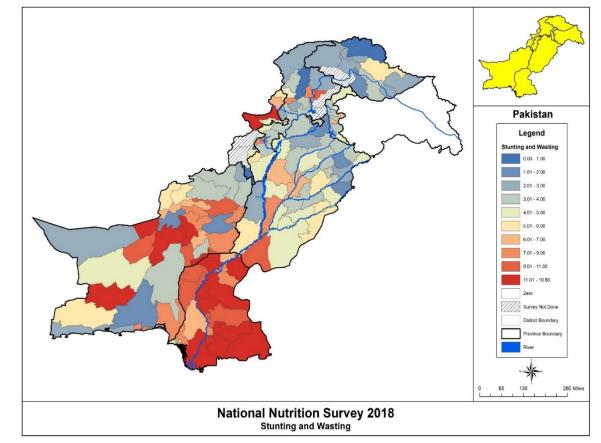


...WITH WIDE VARIATIONS IN SPECIFIC BREASTFEEDING STATUS BY PROVINCE



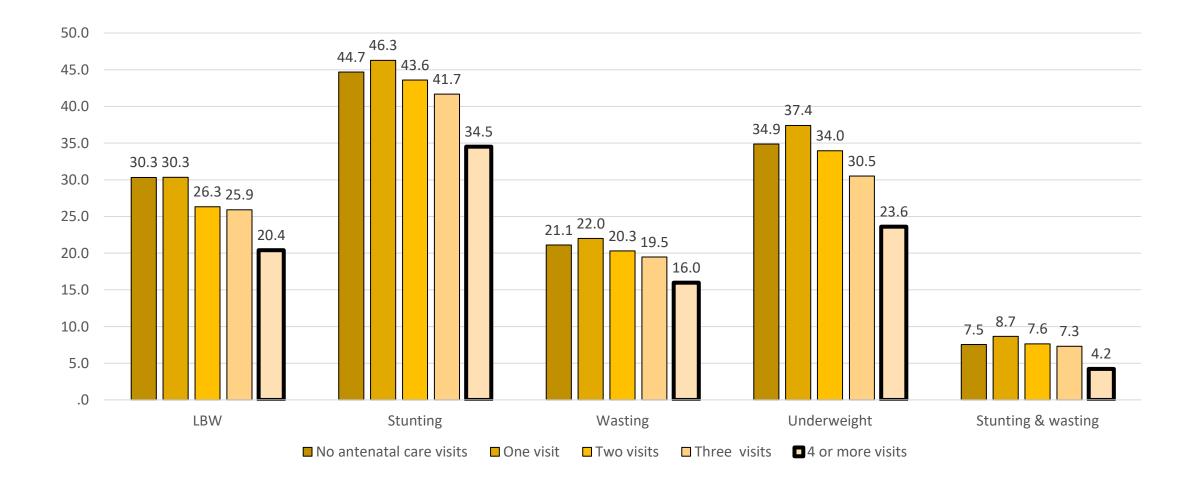
Status of infant & young child feeding



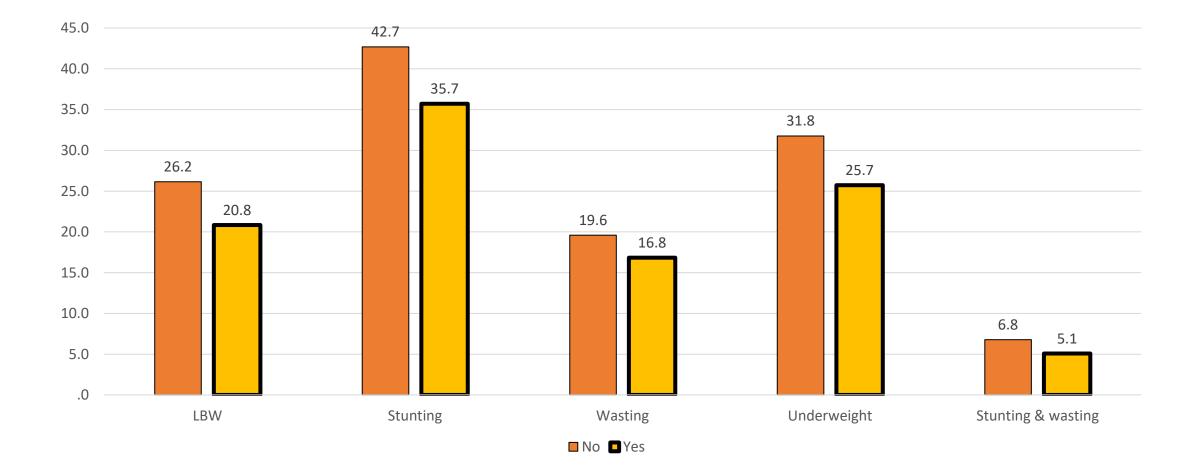


Primary Care Programs matter for nutrition, but coverage & quality is variable

Child Malnutrition by ANC visits



Child Malnutrition by IFA intake during pregnancy

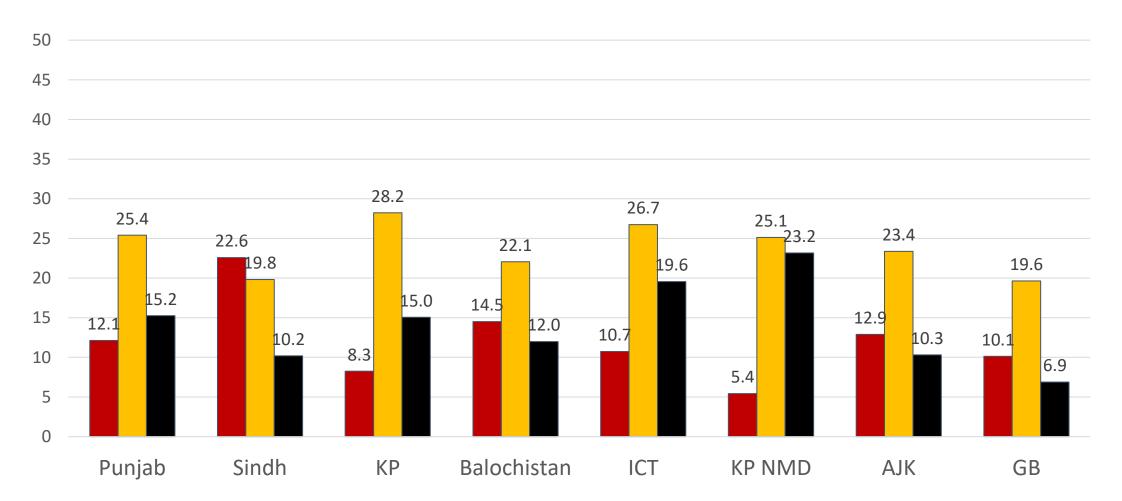


Pakistan now faces a triple burden of malnutrition

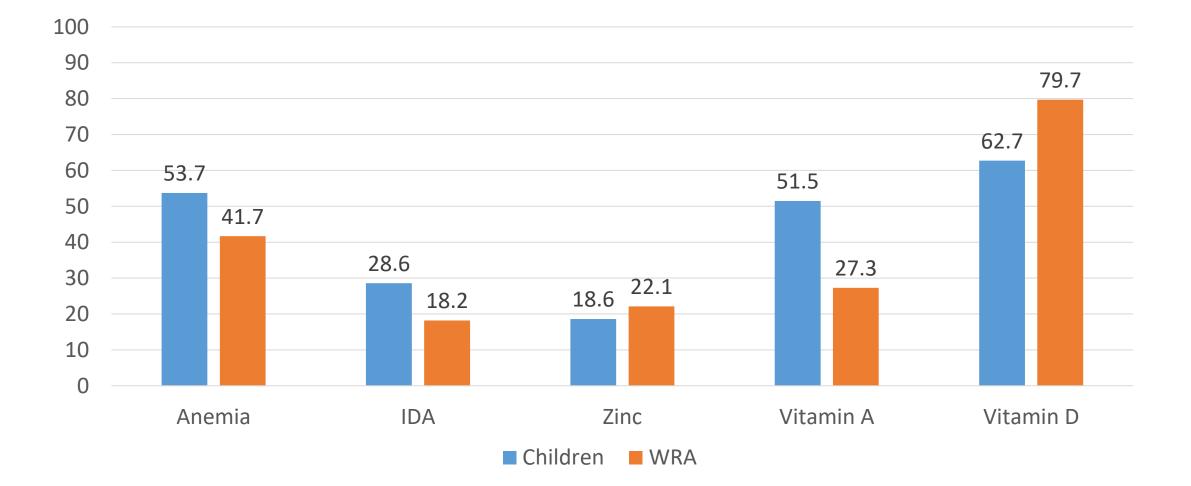
(undernutrition, overweight/obesity & micronutrient deficiencies)

Nutritional Status of Women of Reproductive Age

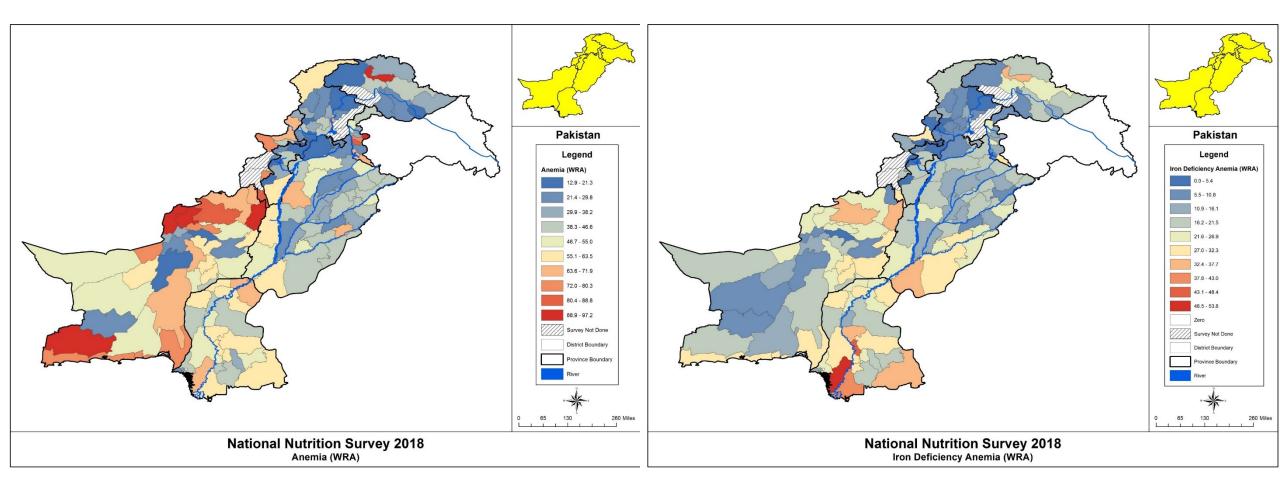
■ Underweight(<18.5) □ Overweight(25.0-29.9) ■ Obese(>30)



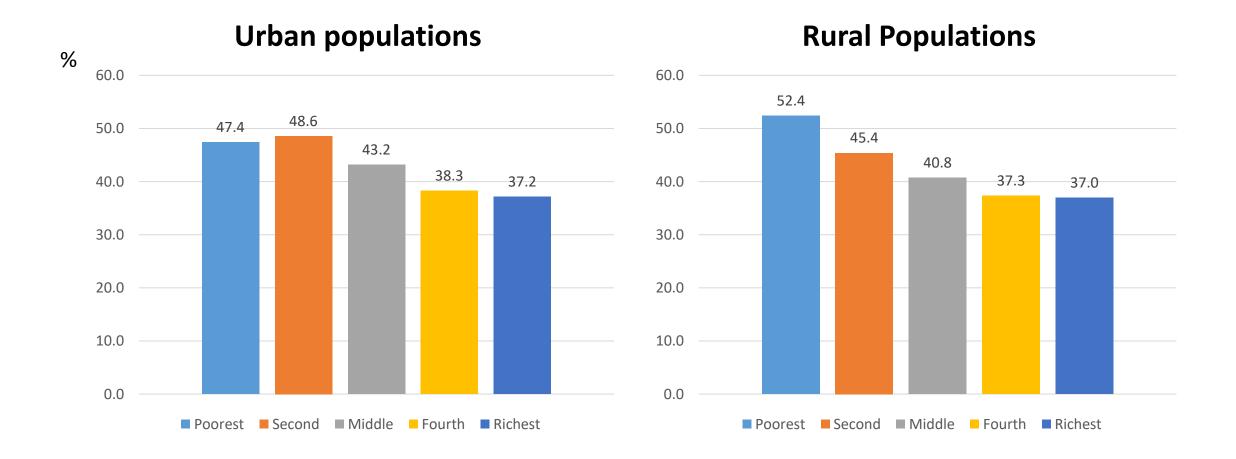
Micronutrient Deficiencies in Pakistan among Children and Women



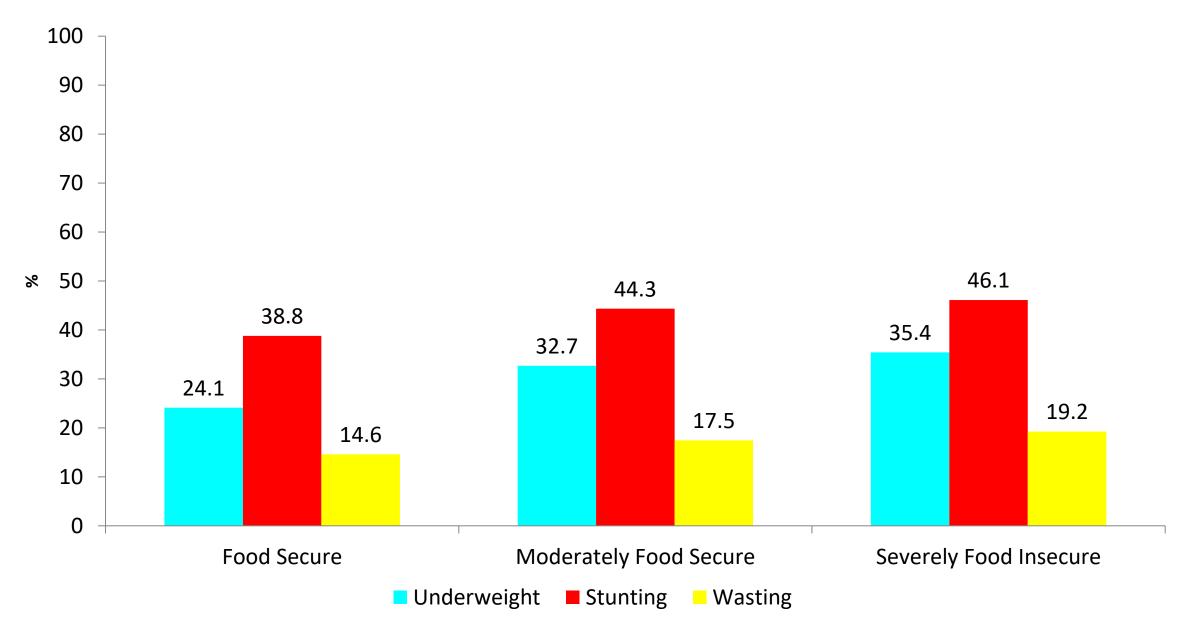
Subnational distribution of anemia and IDA



Anemia in urban and rural populations (also widespread among the relatively affluent)



Malnutrition and Food Security



Key Conclusions

- Maternal and Child Malnutrition in Pakistan is multifactorial in origin, and related to complex socio-economic, cultural and behavioral determinants, as well as environmental risks & food systems.
- While populations living in **extreme poverty and food insecurity** are at greater risk, malnutrition in all its forms cuts across socio-economic strata
- Pakistan faces a triple burden of malnutrition with coexisting undernutrition, emerging issues of obesity and ubiquitous micronutrient deficiencies. These are major risks to Pakistan's Human Capital
- We have the data we need; addressing these issues will need concerted action and political will to address inequities, target populations at risk and multi-sectoral approaches
- We need a National Nutrition Action Plan nested firmly within the provinces and owned by all sectors with the health & multi-sectoral nutrition programs playing a key role

Thanks a lot for your attention