

The Household Water InSecurity Experiences (HWISE) Scale: development, validation, and implementation of a household water insecurity measure for lowand middle- income countries

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- 1. Why is measuring experiences with water important?
- 2. What were the gaps in previous measurements?
- 3. What is the HWISE Scale?
- 4. What will implementing the HWISE Scale tell us?









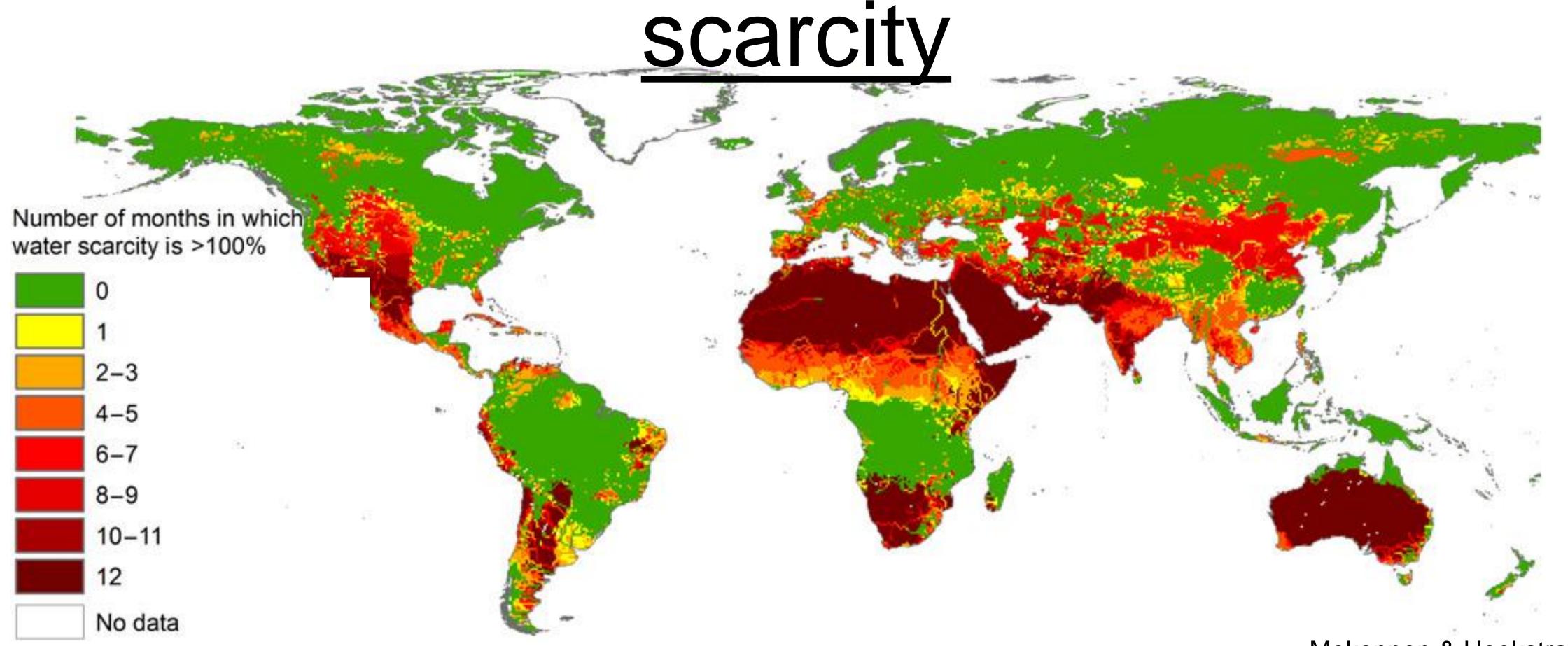








4 billion face water



Mekonnen & Hoekstra (2016)

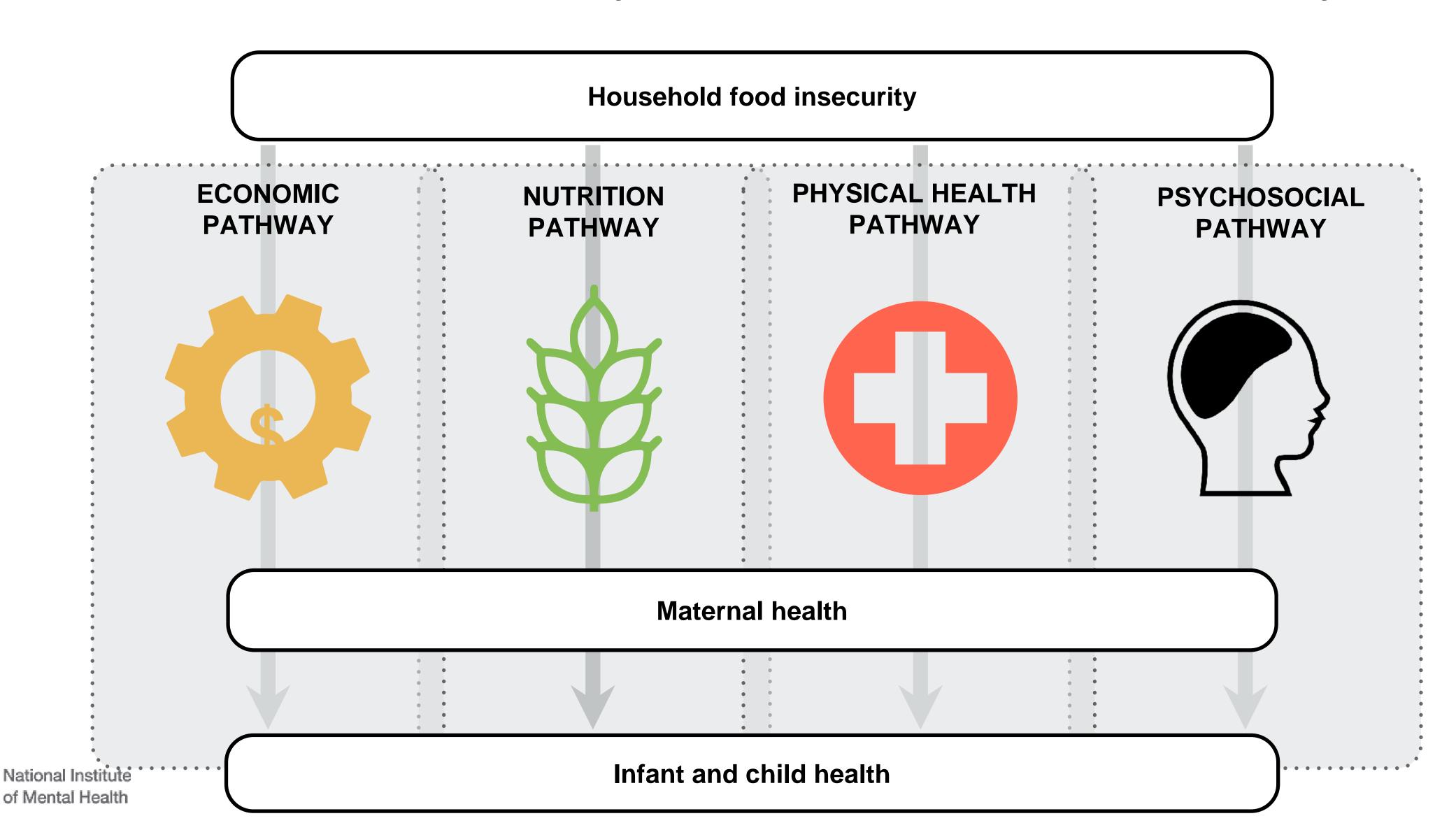
...and many more face water excess and/or poor water quality



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Food insecurity in the 1st 1,000 days





Measuring Household Food Insecurity

In the last month, how frequently has anyone in your household...

...worried about having enough to eat

...skipped meals

...went for a day & night without eating

Scoring: Never (0), rarely (1), sometimes (2), often (3). Range of 0-27.



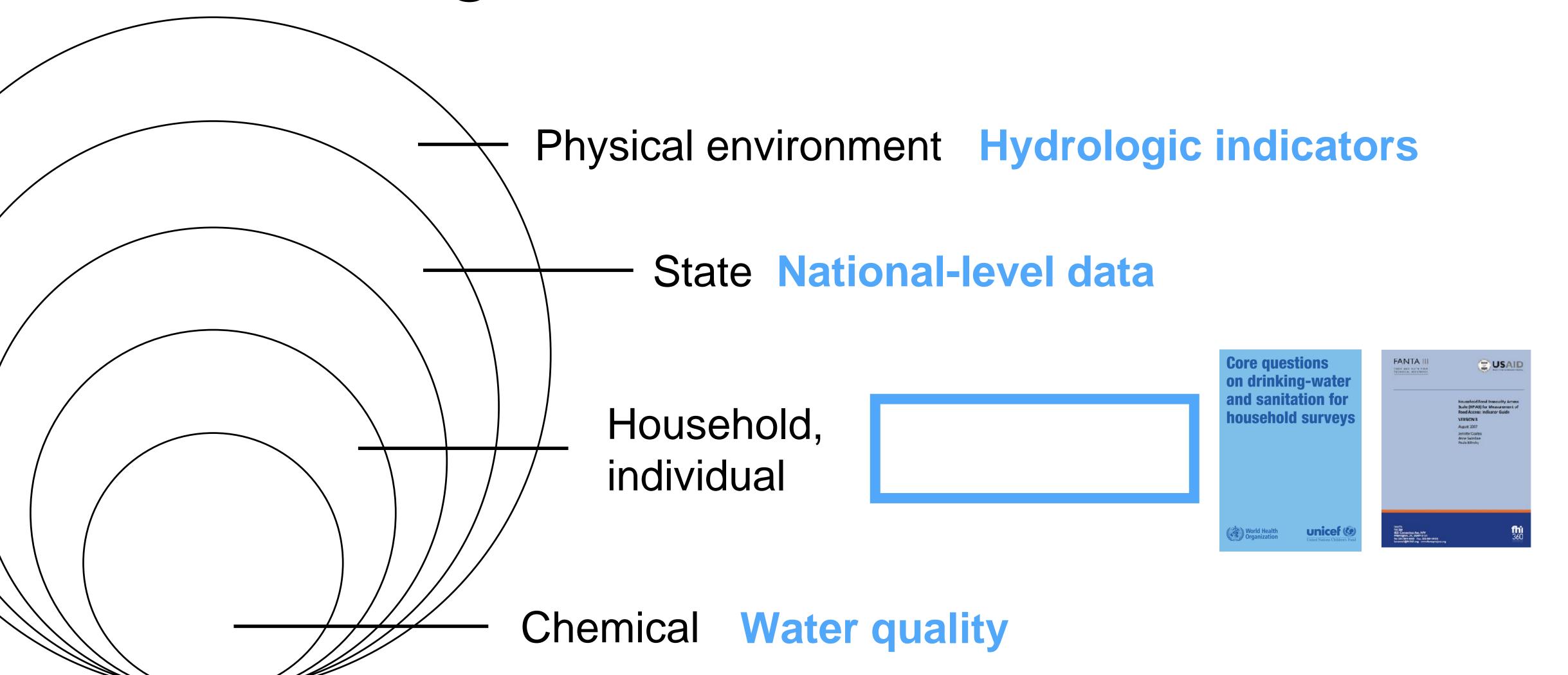
"What shapes how you feed your infant?"







Existing measures of water fell short





We needed an analogous scale for water experiences

U.S. ADULT FOOD SECURITY SURVEY MODULE: THREE-STAGE DESIGN, WITH SCREENERS Economic Research Service, USDA September 2012

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- Corrected skip specifications in AD5
- Added coding specifications for "How many days" for 30-day version of AD1a and AD5a.

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- User notes following the questionnaire were revised to be consistent with current practice and with new labels for ranges of food security and food insecurity introduced by USDA in 2006.

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 - Improves comparability of food security statistics between households with and without children and among households with children in different age ranges.
 - Avoids asking questions about children's food security, which can be sensitive in

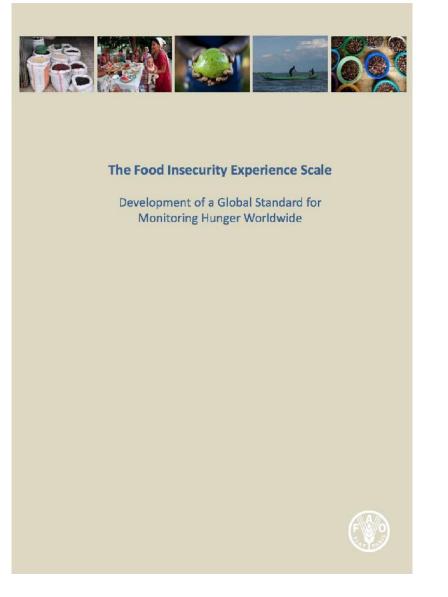
USDA: Food Security Module





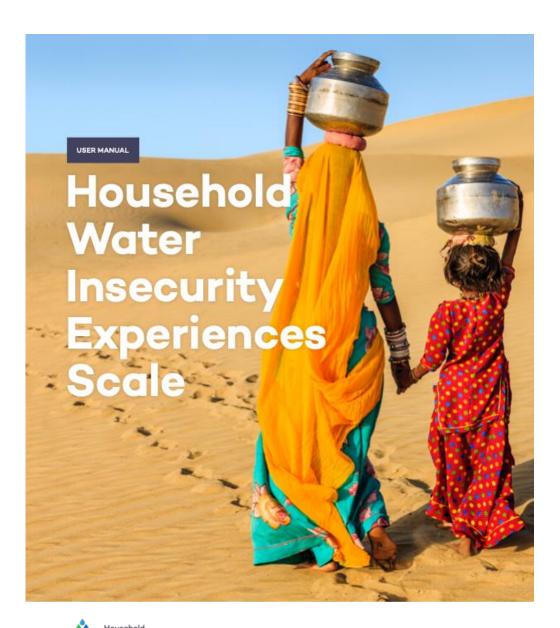
USAID: Household Food Insecurity Access Scale

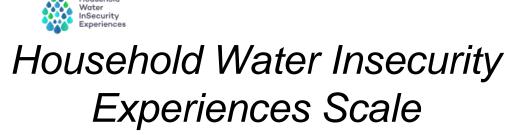




FAO: Food Insecurity
Experiences Scale











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Best Practices for Developing and Validating Scales for Health, Social, and Behavioral Research: A Primer

Godfred O. Boateng 1*, Torsten B. Neilands 2, Edward A. Frongillo 3, Hugo R. Melgar-Quiñonez 4 and Sera L. Young 1,5

Open access Protocol

BMJ Open Development and validation protocol for an instrument to measure household water insecurity across cultures and

ecologies: the Household Water
InSecurity Experiences (HWISE) Scale

Sera L Young,¹ Shalean M Collins,² Godfred O Boateng,² Torsten B Neilands,³ Zeina Jamaluddine,⁴ Joshua D Miller,² Alexandra A Brewis,⁵ Edward A Frongillo,⁶ Wendy E Jepson,⁷ Hugo Melgar-Quiñonez,⁸ Roseanne C Schuster,⁵ Justin B Stoler,⁹ Amber Wutich,⁵ on behalf of the HWISE Research Coordination Network



Assimilated items from site-specific scales + ethnography

initially 32 items

3. Household Water Insecurity Access Scale (32 items)

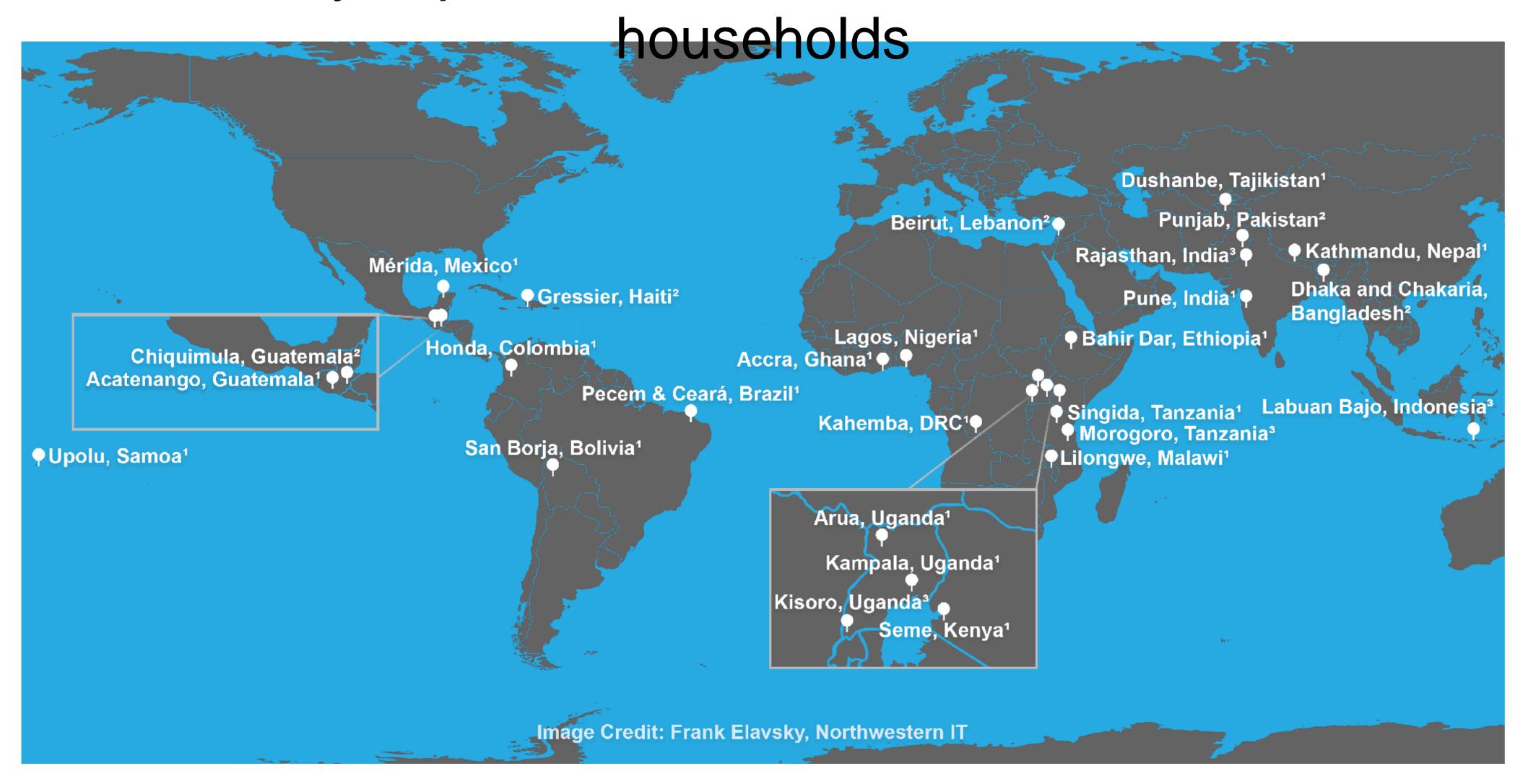
Now I'm going to ask you about your own personal experiences with water. For each of the items, please indicate how many times within the past 4 weeks or 30 days. Interviewer, please mark the response that best corresponds with the coding classification. For example, if participants says 15 times, you need to mark/circle code 3

Code name	Question	Coding Classification
WIAS1	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently did you or anyone in your household worry you would not have enough water for all of your household needs?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) EAlways (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS2	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently have you or anyone in your household worried about the safety of the person getting water for your household? By getting, I mean: traveling to, collecting the water, and returning with the water.	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) EAlways (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS3	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently have you or anyone in your household thought of leaving [name of town] because there was no water there?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) EAlways (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS4	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently has your household water supply from your main water source been interrupted?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) E Always (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this

WIAS5	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently has your household not had enough water for your garden, crops, or fruit trees ?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) EAlways (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS6	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently has your household not had enough water to give to your animals and poultry?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) EAlways (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS7	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently has the time spent getting water prevented you or anyone in your household from earning money (e.g. engaging in paid work, economic activities)?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) E Always (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS8	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently have you or anyone in your household lacked money needed to buy water?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) E Always (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS9	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently did you or anyone in your household want to buy water but there was nowhere to buy it from?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) E Always (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS10	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently has the time spent getting water prevented you or anyone in your household from caring for children in the household?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) E Always (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know NANot applicable/I don't have this
WIAS11	In the last 4 weeks, how frequently has the time spent getting water prevented you or anyone in your household from doing household chores (such as cooking, preparing food, washing clothes, etc.)?	ANever (0 times in the last 4 weeks) BRarely (1–2 times in the last 4 weeks) CSometimes (3–10 times in the last 4 weeks) DOften (11-20 times in the last 4 weeks) E Always (More than 20 times in the last 4 weeks) DKDon't know

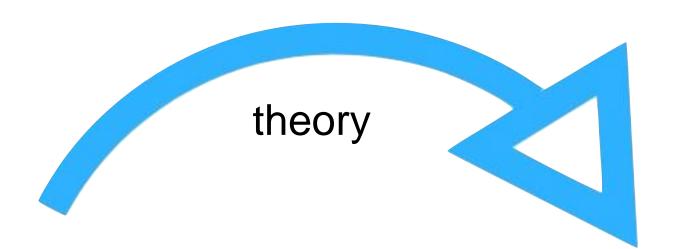


Survey implemented in 28 sites, across 8,127

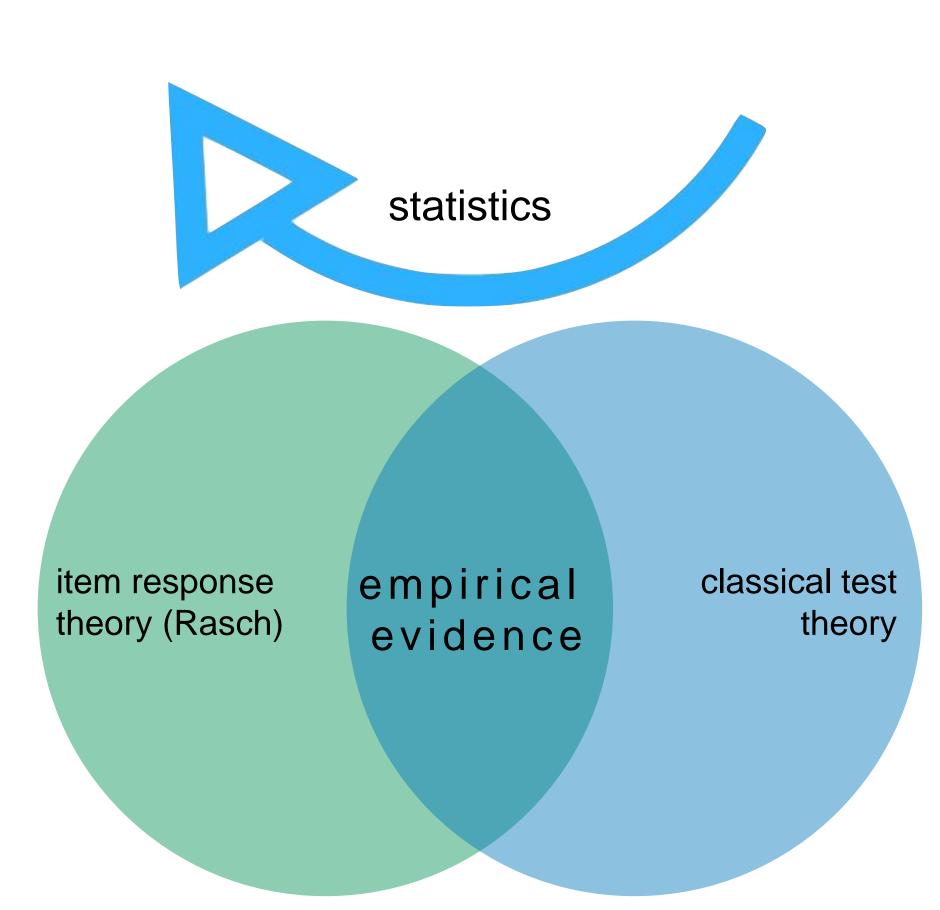


HWISE sites were selected for maximal heterogeneity in region of the world, infrastructure, and problems with water





Item reduction





...to 12 items.

How often in the last month have you or anyone in your HH...



...worried you would not have enough water for all of your household needs?

Item



...main water source been **interrupted** or limited (e.g. water pressure, less water than expected, river dried up)?



...there not been enough water to wash clothes?



...changed schedules or plans due to problems with your water situation?



...changed what was being **eaten** because there were problems with water (e.g. for washing foods, cooking, etc.)?



...gone without **washing hands** after dirty activities because of problems with water?



...gone without washing their body because of problems with water (e.g. not enough water, dirty, unsafe)?

Item



...not been **as much water to drink** as you would like for you or anyone in your household?



...feel **angry** about your water situation?



...gone to sleep thirsty because there wasn't any water to drink?



... had **no useable or drinkable water** whatsoever in your household?



Problems with water caused you or anyone in your household to **feel ashamed**/excluded/stigmatized?

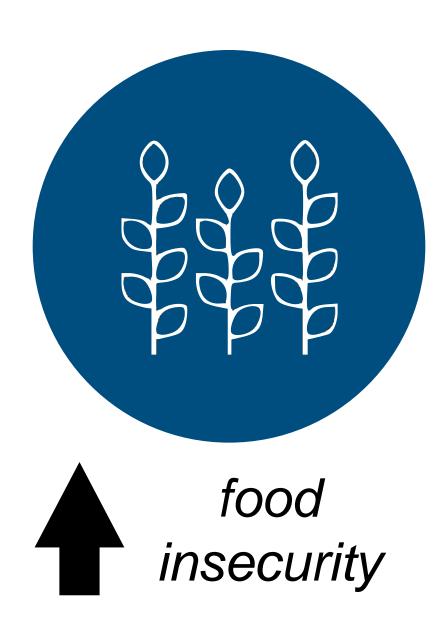


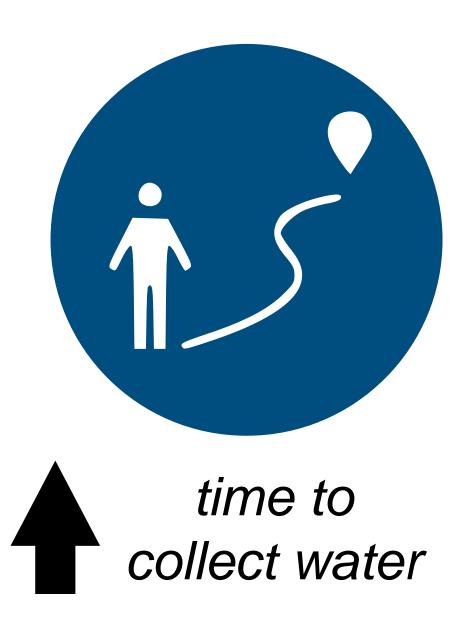
The HWISE Scale is valid



Higher HWISE Scale scores associated with...









Invariant: scores are equivalent across sites



Punjab, Pakistan



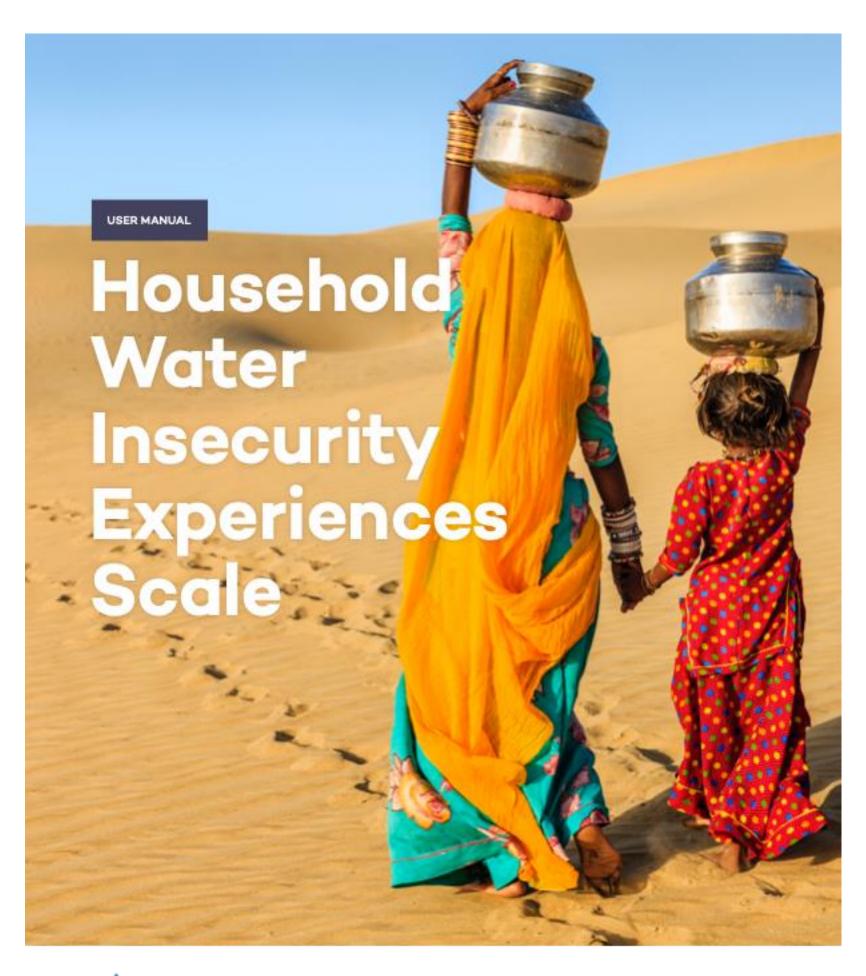
Kathmandu, Nepal



Kisumu, Kenya



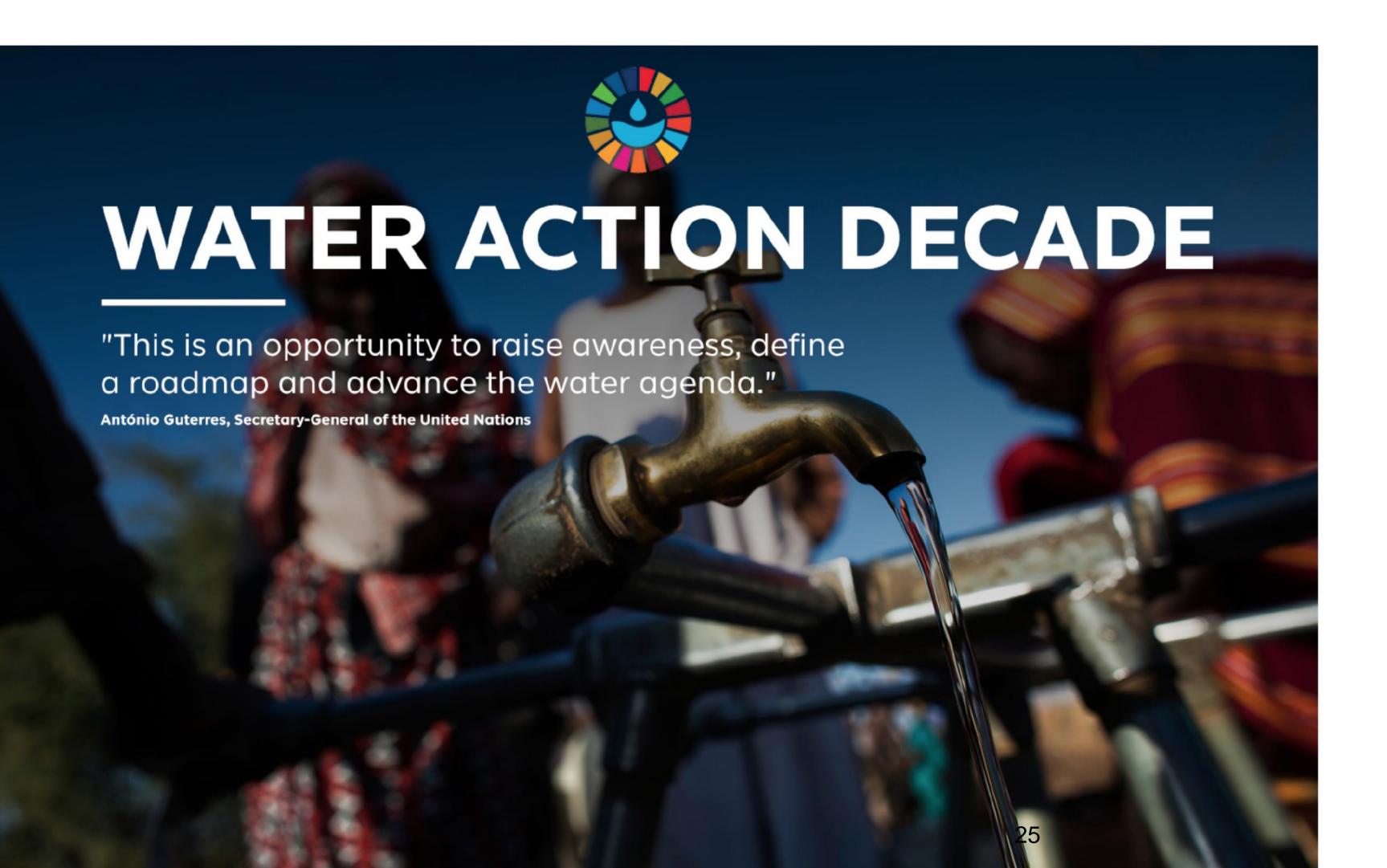
Scale now ready for broad implementation







2018 UN panel called for higher-resolution data



Understand Water

The adage "you can't manage what you can't measure" is particularly true for water. Information about water quantity, quality, distribution, access, risks, and use is essential for effective decision-making, whether by businesses managing a production process, rural communities managing a well or basin authorities managing a flood. Yet major gaps in water data and decision-making systems exist in many places, driven by a failure to invest in or maintain hydro-meteorological ('hydromet') equipment and other water data. In some parts of the world hydromet systems are degrading just as water pressures are growing. In addition, where water data does exist it is often difficult for stakeholders to access.



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What will HWISE tell us?

•1. assess prevalence; identify vulnerable populations







UNESCO ambassador to UN at HWISE launch in DC February 2019



The official global data on household water security





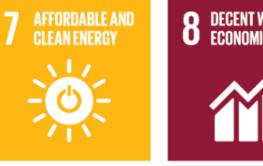


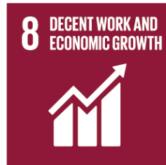






















12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

CO

The World Poll is the only global survey infrastructure used to measure and track progress on three Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) indicators:

- Food Insecurity (SDG 2.1.2) for FAO;
- Financial Inclusion (SDG 8.1.2) for the World Bank;
- Modern Slavery (SDG 8.7) for ILO/Walk Free.











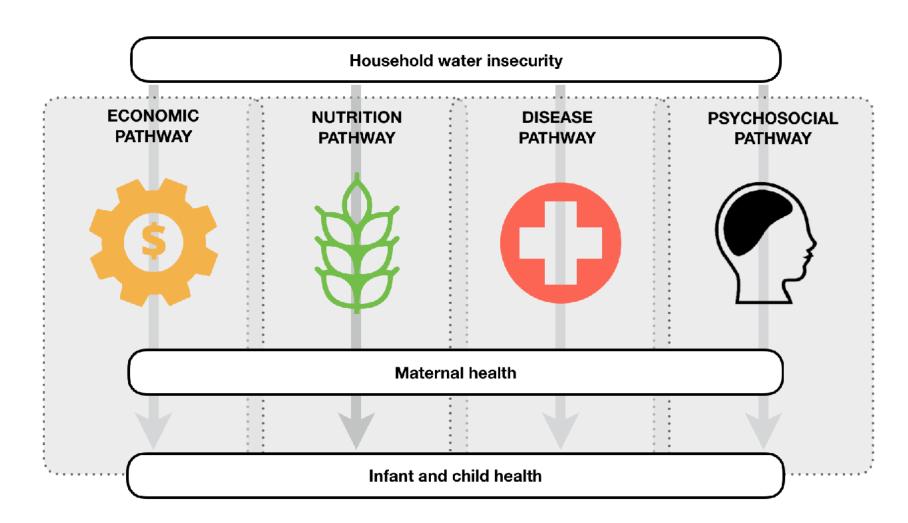


What will HWISE tell us?

•1. assess prevalence; identify vulnerable populations



• 2. determine consequences





The science is wide-open

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USDA: Food Security

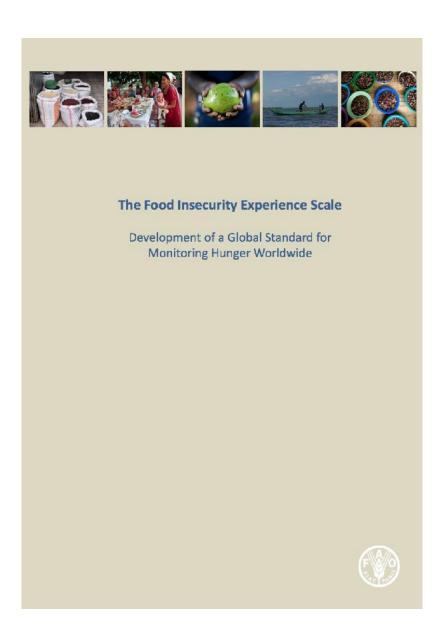
Module





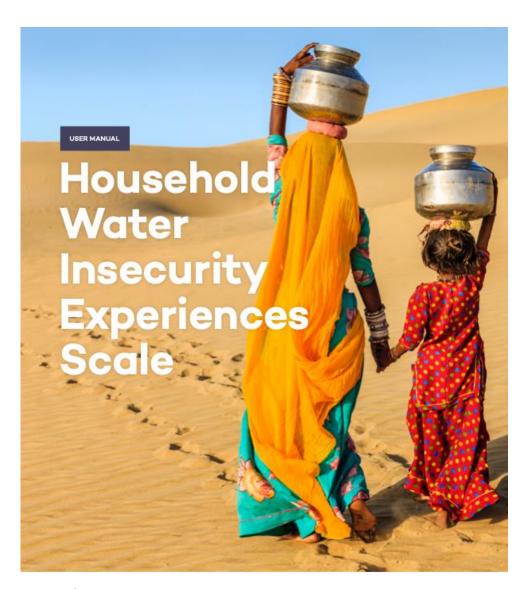
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FAO: Food Insecurity
Experiences Scale





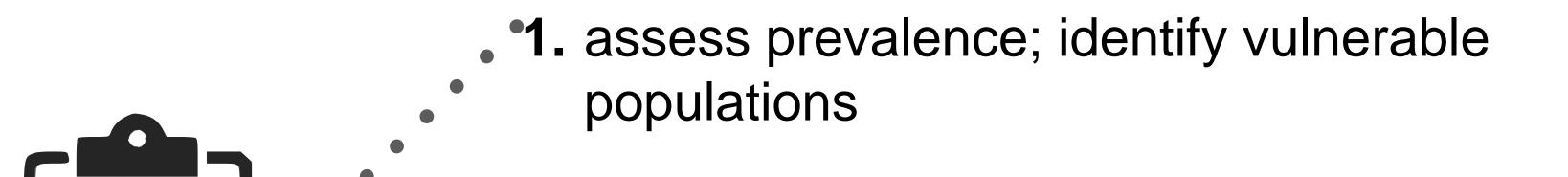


Household Water Insecurity
Experiences Scale





What will HWISE tell us?



2. determine consequences

3. monitor and evaluate interventions; determine cost effectiveness

















In Zambia, higher HWISE scores predicts poorer health

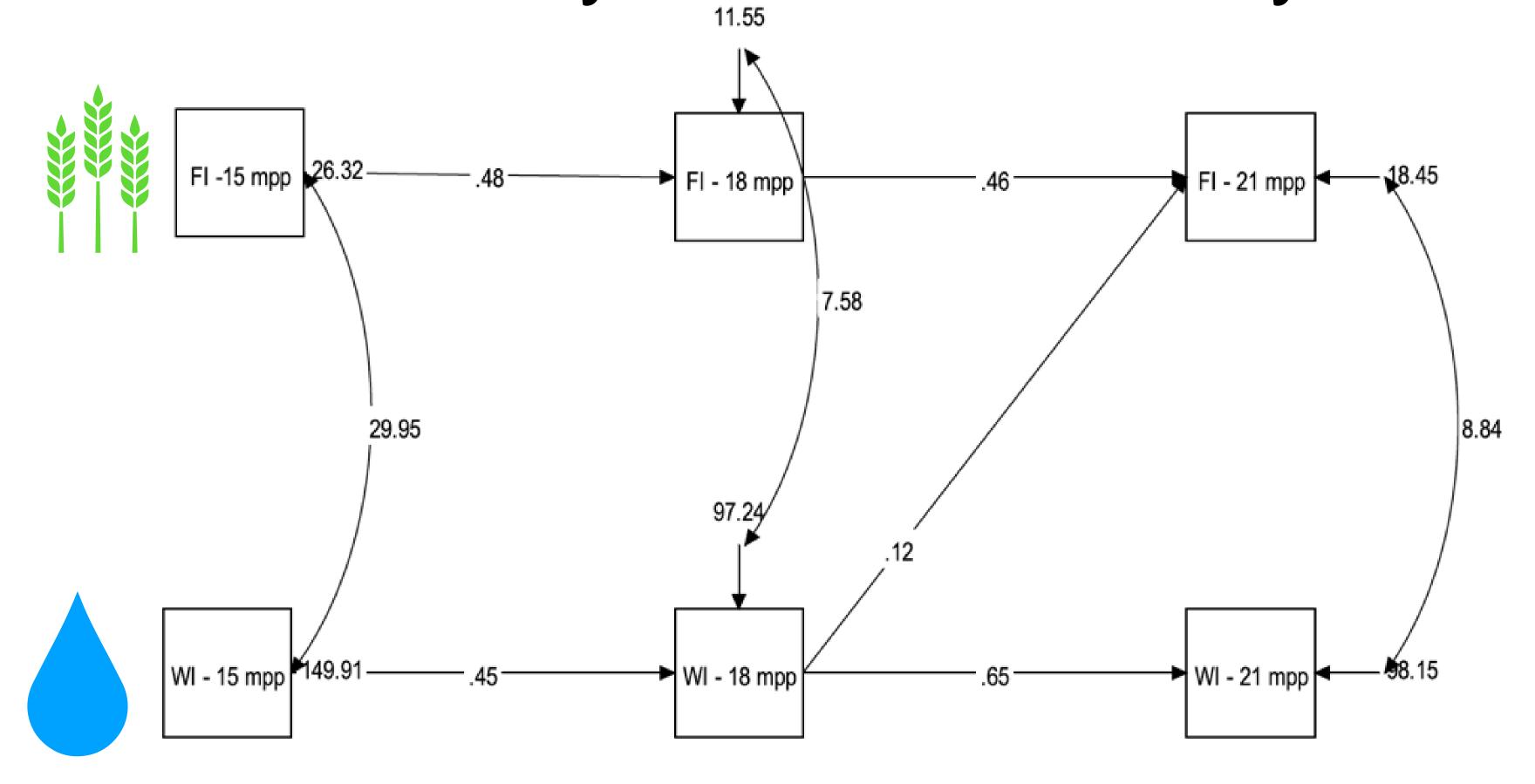


Well-Being Indicators	Correlation
Overall health	-0.18***
Unwell: normal activities interrupted	-0.11***
Impact by cholera outbreaks	-0.17***

^{*} p<0.05; ** p<0.01; *** p<0.001



Water insecurity predicts food insecurity in Western Kenya



"Water insecurity at 15 months postpartum predicts water and food insecurity at 18 and 21 months postpartum, and that food insecurity at 15 months postpartum predicts food insecurity at later time points"









Household Water InSecurity Experiences









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Making our mark on the world

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University of the West of England University of the West of England GLOBAL HEALTH

Funders & Collaborators



Innovative Methods and Metrics for Agriculture and Nutrition Actions













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INTERDISCIPLINARY • NONPARTISAN • POLICY RELEVANT



